IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF SOUTH CAROLINA CHARLESTON DIVISION

Robert Dale Smart,)
Petitioner,))) C/A No.: 2:15-cv-04155-TLW
v.)
Supreme Court of South Carolina,	ORDER
Respondent.)
)

Petitioner Robert Dale Smart, proceeding *pro se*, filed this petition pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2254 on October 7, 2015. (ECF No. 1). This matter now comes before this Court for review of the Report and Recommendation ("the Report") filed on December 14, 2015, by United States Magistrate Judge Mary Gordon Baker, to whom this case was previously assigned pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1)(B) and Local Civil Rule 73.02(B)(2)(c), (D.S.C.). In the Report, the Magistrate Judge recommends that the Court dismiss the petition without prejudice. (ECF No. 5). Petitioner filed Objections to the Report on January 4, 2016. (ECF No. 9). This matter is now ripe for disposition.

The Court is charged with conducting a *de novo* review of any portion of the Magistrate Judge's Report and Recommendation to which a specific objection is registered, and may accept, reject, or modify, in whole or in part, the recommendations contained in that report. 28 U.S.C. § 636. In conducting its review, the Court applies the following standard:

The magistrate judge makes only a recommendation to the Court, to which any party may file written objections.... The Court is not bound by the recommendation of the magistrate judge but, instead, retains responsibility for the final determination. The Court is required to make a *de novo* determination of those

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portions of the report or specified findings or recommendation as to which an

objection is made. However, the Court is not required to review, under a *de novo* or any other standard, the factual or legal conclusions of the magistrate judge as to

those portions of the report and recommendation to which no objections are

addressed. While the level of scrutiny entailed by the Court's review of the Report

thus depends on whether or not objections have been filed, in either case the Court is free, after review, to accept, reject, or modify any of the magistrate judge's

findings or recommendations.

Wallace v. Housing Auth. of the City of Columbia, 791 F. Supp. 137, 138 (D.S.C. 1992) (citations

omitted).

In light of the standard set forth in Wallace, the Court has reviewed, de novo, the Report

and the Objections. After careful consideration, IT IS ORDERED that the Magistrate Judge's

Report (ECF No. 5) is ACCEPTED, and the Petitioner's Objections (ECF No. 9) are

OVERRULED. For the reasons stated in the Report, the petition (ECF No. 1) is **DISMISSED**

without prejudice.

The Court has reviewed this petition in accordance with Rule 11 of the Rules Governing

Section 2254 Proceedings. The Court concludes that it is not appropriate to issue a certificate of

appealability as to the issues raised herein. Petitioner is advised that he may seek a certificate from

the Fourth Circuit Court of Appeals under Rule 22 of the Federal Rules of Appellate Procedure.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

s/Terry L. Wooten_

Chief United States District Judge

March 17, 2017

Columbia, South Carolina